

NIST SPECIAL PUBLICATION 1800-28A

Data Confidentiality:

Identifying and Protecting Assets Against Data Breaches

Volume A:
Executive Summary

William Fisher

National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence
NIST

R. Eugene Craft

Michael Ekstrom

Julian Sexton

John Sweetnam

The MITRE Corporation
McLean, Virginia

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DRAFT

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1 Executive Summary

2 CHALLENGE

3 In our data-driven world, organizations must prioritize cybersecurity as part of their business risk
4 management strategy. Specifically, data security remains a challenge as attacks against an organization’s
5 data can compromise emails, employee records, financial records, and customer information thereby
6 impacting business operations, revenue, and reputation. In the event of a data breach, data
7 confidentiality can be compromised via unauthorized exfiltration, leaking, or spills of data or corporate
8 information to unauthorized parties, including the general public. This can be intentional or accidental.

9 In the event of an ongoing data breach, it is essential that an organization be able to detect the ongoing
10 breach themselves, as well as begin to execute a response and recovery plan that leverages security
11 technology and controls.

12 BENEFITS

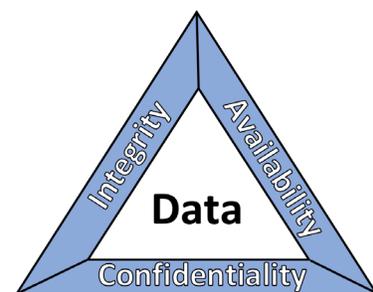
13 The National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE) at the National Institute of Standards and
14 Technology (NIST) developed this guide to help organizations implement strategies for preventing
15 recovering from data confidentiality attacks. This NIST NCCoE Cybersecurity Practice Guide
16 demonstrates how organizations can develop and implement appropriate actions to identify and protect
17 data against a confidentiality cybersecurity event. It includes numerous technology and security
18 recommendations to improve your organization’s cybersecurity posture.

This practice guide can help your organization:

- Identify data on your network that is vulnerable to a data breach
- Identify vulnerabilities to data breaches on your network
- Implement protective technologies to prevent data breaches

19 APPROACH

20 This is part of a series of projects that seek to provide guidance
21 to improve an organization’s data security in the context of the
22 CIA triad. The CIA triad represents the three pillars of
23 information security: confidentiality, integrity, and availability.
24 This practice guide focuses on **data confidentiality**: the
25 property that data has not been disclosed in an unauthorized
26 fashion. Data confidentiality concerns data in storage, during
27 processing, and while in transit. (Note: These definitions are
28 from National Institute of Standards and Technology ([NIST](#))
29 [Special Publication \(SP\) 800-12 Rev 1, An Introduction to](#)
30 [Information Security](#).)



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34 This guide applies data confidentiality principles through the
 35 lens of the NIST Cybersecurity Framework version 1.1.
 36 Specifically, this practice guide informs organizations of how to
 37 **identify** and **protect** assets, including data, against a data
 38 confidentiality attack, and in turn understand how to manage
 39 data confidentiality risks and implement the appropriate
 40 safeguards. A complementary project and accompanying
 41 practice guide (SP1800-29) addresses data confidentiality
 42 through the lens of detecting, responding, and recovering from
 43 a data confidentiality attack.



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 46 The NCCoE developed and implemented a solution that incorporates multiple systems working in
 47 concert to identify and protect assets and data against detected data confidentiality cybersecurity
 48 events. The solution will demonstrate the ability to identify assets and data that are at risk of a data
 49 breach and recommend capabilities to help protect them.

50 In developing this solution, the NCCoE sought existing technologies that provided the following
 51 capabilities:

- 52 ▪ **Logging**
- 53 ▪ **Network protection**
- 54 ▪ **User access control**
- 55 ▪ **Data management**
- 56 ▪ **Data protection**
- 57 ▪ **Policy enforcement**
- 58 ▪ **Browser isolation**

Collaborator	Security Capability or Component
Avrio Software (now known as Aerstone)	Data Management
Cisco	Policy Enforcement, User Access Control
Dispel	Network Protection
FireEye	Logging
PKWARE	Data Protection
Qcor	Data Protection
Strongkey	Data Protection
Symantec, a Division of Broadcom	Browser Isolation

59 While the NCCoE used a suite of commercial products to address this challenge, this guide does not
 60 endorse these particular products, nor does it guarantee compliance with any regulatory initiatives. Your
 61 organization's information security experts should identify the products that will best integrate with
 62 your existing tools and IT system infrastructure. Your organization can adopt this solution or one that

63 adheres to these guidelines in whole, or you can use this guide as a starting point for tailoring and
64 implementing parts of a solution.

65 HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

66 Depending on your role in your organization, you might use this guide in different ways:

67 **Business decision makers, including chief information security and technology officers** can use this
68 part of the guide, *NIST SP 1800-28a: Executive Summary*, to understand the drivers for the guide, the
69 cybersecurity challenge we address, our approach to solving this challenge, and how the solution could
70 benefit your organization.

71 **Technology, security, and privacy program managers** who are concerned with how to identify,
72 understand, assess, and mitigate risk can use *NIST SP 1800-28b: Approach, Architecture, and Security*
73 *Characteristics*, which describes what we built and why, including the risk analysis performed and the
74 security/privacy control mappings.

75 **IT professionals** who want to implement an approach like this can make use of *NIST SP 1800-28c: How-*
76 *To Guides*, which provide specific product installation, configuration, and integration instructions for
77 building the example implementation, allowing you to replicate all or parts of this project.

78 SHARE YOUR FEEDBACK

79 You can view or download the guide at [https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/building-blocks/data-](https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/building-blocks/data-security/dc-detect-identify-protect)
80 [security/dc-detect-identify-protect](https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/building-blocks/data-security/dc-detect-identify-protect). Help the NCCoE make this guide better by sharing your thoughts
81 with us as you read the guide. If you adopt this solution for your own organization, please share your
82 experience and advice with us. We recognize that technical solutions alone will not fully enable the
83 benefits of our solution, so we encourage organizations to share lessons learned and best practices for
84 transforming the processes associated with implementing this guide.

85 To provide comments or to learn more by arranging a demonstration of this example implementation,
86 contact the NCCoE at ds-nccoe@nist.gov.

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88 COLLABORATORS

89 Collaborators participating in this project submitted their capabilities in response to an open call in the
90 Federal Register for all sources of relevant security capabilities from academia and industry (vendors
91 and integrators). Those respondents with relevant capabilities or product components signed a
92 Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) to collaborate with NIST in a consortium to
93 build this example solution.

94 Certain commercial entities, equipment, products, or materials may be identified by name or company
95 logo or other insignia in order to acknowledge their participation in this collaboration or to describe an
96 experimental procedure or concept adequately. Such identification is not intended to imply special
97 status or relationship with NIST or recommendation or endorsement by NIST or NCCoE; neither is it
98 intended to imply that the entities, equipment, products, or materials are necessarily the best available
99 for the purpose.